## Course/Subject: Core Connections 2

## Grade Level: 7

Textbook(s) / Instructional Materials Used: Core Connections 2 with Toolkit and eBook

| Month(s): August - September |  |  | Unit 1 |  |  |  |
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| The Number System |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Big Idea | Standard | Eligible Content | Essential Questions \& Lesson Essential Question | Concepts | Vocabulary | Competencies |
| How to solve real world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers. | M07.A-N.1.1.1 <br> Apply properties of operations to add and subtract rational numbers, including realworld contexts. <br> M07.A-N.1.1.2 Represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line. <br> M07.A-N.1.1.3 <br> Apply properties of operations to multiply and divide rational numbers, including realworld contexts; demonstrate that | Mathematical Operations <br> Rational Numbers <br> Mathematical Properties <br> Order of Operations <br> Using Number Line to model operations <br> Rounding | How can you tell when decimals repeat? <br> How can I rewrite decimals as fractions and vice versa? <br> How can I represent addition, subtraction and multiplication on a number line? <br> What is a shorter way to represent repeated addition? <br> How can I add and multiply integers, fractions, decimals, and mixed numbers? <br> How can I represent addition and multiplication of integers, fractions, decimals, and mixed numbers on a number line? <br> What mathematical property is being used? | Students will know.... <br> strategies for rewriting terminating and repeating decimals as fractions. <br> how to compose and decompose numbers in multiple ways. <br> addition and subtraction of Integers as well as multiplication as repeated addition. <br> how to use the standard algorithm for multiplying | Number line <br> Integers <br> Inverse <br> Operations <br> Additive <br> Inverse <br> Property <br> Associative property of addition and multiplication <br> Commutative Property of addition and multiplication <br> Addition property of equality <br> Additive identity | Operations with <br> Fractions, <br> Decimals, <br> Integers, and <br> Mixed Numbers <br> Solving Problems using order of Operations <br> Using Number <br> Line to model <br> Addition and <br> Subtraction of rational numbers <br> Rounding decimals to the nearest tenth, hundredth, thousandths <br> Express a Rational Number in decimal form. <br> Identifying |


| the decimal form of a rational number terminates or eventually repeats. | fractions and use generic rectangles to multiply mixed numbers. <br> the concept of opposites or zero pairs in context <br> determine whether a fraction can be rewritten as a repeating or terminating decimal. <br> build (compose) and take apart (decompose) numbers and lengths. <br> add and multiply positive and negative integers and rational numbers. <br> identify numerous mathematical properties | property <br> Complex <br> Fraction <br> Terminating and Repeating decimals <br> Division <br> Property of Equality <br> Multiplication <br> Property of <br> Equality <br> Multiplicative Identity <br> Property <br> Rational <br> Numbers <br> Zero Property of <br> Multiplication <br> Subtraction <br> Property of Equality | mathematical properties |
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| Month(s): September - November | Unit 2 |  |  |


| Big Idea | Standard | Eligible Content | Essential Questions \& Lesson Essential Question | Concepts | Vocabulary | Competencies |
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| How do you determine if a sample is Random? <br> How do you use statistical measures to compare two numerical data distributions? <br> How can you predict the likelihood of an outcome? | M07.D-S.1.1.1 <br> Determine <br> whether a <br> sample is a <br> random sample <br> given a real- <br> world situation. <br> M07.D-S.1.1.2 <br> Use data from a random sample to draw <br> inferences about <br> a population with an unknown characteristic of interest. <br> M07.D-S.2.1.1 <br> Compare two numerical data distributions using measures of center and variability. <br> M07.D-S.3.1.1 <br> Predict or determine whether some outcomes are certain, more likely, less likely, equally likely, or impossible (i.e., a probability near 0 indicates an unlikely event, a | Simple <br> Probability <br> Compound Probability <br> Statistical Analysis <br> Samples <br> Outcomes <br> Experimental <br> and <br> Theoretical <br> Probability <br> Survey | What is the probability of an event happening or not happening? <br> How can I use probability to make predictions? <br> What happens when the sample space is modified? <br> How can I calculate the probability if there are multiple outcomes? <br> How can the probabilities of multiple events be combined? <br> What is the difference between experimental and theoretical probability? <br> How can I apply my knowledge of fractions to represent and calculate the probabilities of a variety of events? <br> How can I calculate the probability of dependent and independent events by creating an organized list? <br> How can I create a probability table to represent two events with multiple possibilities? <br> How can I create a probability tree to represent multiple events with multiple | Students will know... <br> how to find out how likely it is that a specific event will occur. <br> calculate the probabilities of two separate events to decide which is more likely to happen. <br> how to find both experimental and theoretical probabilities of events. <br> probability is a fraction of the outcomes in a sample space and that the probability of an event is always between 0 and 1 <br> the difference between experimental and theoretical probability | Biased Sample <br> Complement <br> Compound Event <br> Dependent Event <br> Experimental Probability <br> First Quartile <br> Independent Event <br> Inference <br> Interquartile <br> Range <br> Mean <br> Mean Absolute <br> Deviation <br> Measure of Center <br> Measure of Variability <br> Median <br> Population | Creating a <br> Random Sample <br> Estimating a solution <br> Predicting an outcome <br> Comparing data from 2 different distributions. <br> Determine probability of Dependent Events <br> Determine Probability of Independent Events <br> Creating Probability Trees, Organized Lists, and Tables. <br> Creating and Interpreting Box Plots. <br> Determining a population. |


$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline & \begin{array}{l}\text { using organized } \\ \text { lists, tables, tree } \\ \text { diagrams, and } \\ \text { simulation. }\end{array} & & & \begin{array}{l}\text { and outliers. } \\ \text { how to compare } \\ \text { two populations } \\ \text { based on } \\ \text { making } \\ \text { inferences from } \\ \text { samples } \\ \text { quantifying the } \\ \text { difference } \\ \text { betwen the } \\ \text { medians as a } \\ \text { multiple of the } \\ \text { IQR. } \\ \text { how to analyze }\end{array} & \\ \text { methods of } \\ \text { sampling and } \\ \text { critique how } \\ \text { well a sample } \\ \text { represents a } \\ \text { certain } \\ \text { population. }\end{array}\right]$


|  | context of the problem. |  |  | the Distributive Property. <br> how to solve equations that have infinite solutions and those with no solutions. <br> write and solve algebraic inequalities. solve for a variable when two expressions are equal. <br> write and solve an equation to solve a word problem. recognize when an equation has no solution or infinite solutions. | Solution Set <br> Term <br> Variable |  |
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| Month(s): January - March |  |  | Unit 4 |  |  |  |
| Proportions and Percents |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Big Idea | Standard | Eligible Content | Essential Questions \& Lesson Essential Question | Concepts | Vocabulary | Competencies |
| How do you analyze proportional relationships? | M07.A-R.1.1.1 <br> Compute unit rates associated with ratios of fractions, | Proportions <br> Similar <br> Figures | How can I determine if the shapes are similar? <br> How can I use a scale drawing to find missing dimensions? | Students will know... <br> how to identify corresponding | Constant of Proportionality <br> (k) <br> Cross Multiply | Determining if relationships are proportional. <br> Use the constant |


| How do you recognize proportional relationships? <br> How do you represent proportional relationships? <br> How do you use proportional relationships to solve real-world problems? | including ratios of lengths, areas, and other quantities measured in like or different units. <br> M07.A-R.1.1.2 <br> Determine <br> whether two <br> quantities are <br> proportionally <br> related (e.g., by <br> testing for <br> equivalent ratios <br> in a table, <br> graphing on a <br> coordinate plane <br> and observing <br> whether the <br> graph <br> is a straight line through the origin). <br> M07.A-R.1.1.3 <br> Identify the constant of proportionality (unit rate) in tables, graphs, equations, diagrams, and verbal descriptions of proportional relationships. <br> M07.A-R.1.1.4 <br> Represent proportional | Constant of Proportionality <br> Unit Rate <br> Scale <br> Drawings <br> Percents <br> Percent increase and decrease | How does a proportional relationship grow? <br> What does the graph and table of a proportional relationship look like? <br> How can I calculate the constant of proportionality/unit rate and how it is related to the graph and rule? <br> What are the connections between the table, graph, rule, and constant of proportionality of a proportional relationship? <br> How can I use scale drawings to find missing side lengths and areas of shapes? <br> How can I calculate the percent increase or decrease? <br> How can I find the equation of the proportional relationship? <br> How can I find the missing value in a proportional relationship? <br> How can I scale quantities to analyze and describe their relationship? | sides of similar figures and compare their ratios. <br> how to solve problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures. <br> how to create scale drawings and compute actual lengths and areas from scale drawings. <br> the difference between proportional relationships and other linear relationships. <br> how to create tables, graph proportional relationships, and identify proportional relationships in them. <br> how to calculate unit rates and use them to solve word problems involving | Percent <br> Percent <br> Change <br> Percent <br> Decrease <br> Percent Error <br> Percent Increase <br> Rate <br> Ratio <br> Scale <br> Scale Drawing <br> Scale Factor <br> Unit Rate | of proportionality to find the missing side of similar figures. <br> Determine the unit rate from a graph or table. <br> Determine the constant of proportionality from a graph, table, or rule. <br> Generate a scale model using constant of proportionality. <br> Find the percent of change in a real world situation. |
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| Big Idea | Standard | Eligible Content | Essential Questions \& Lesson Essential Question | Concepts | Vocabulary | Competencies |
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| What are the properties of geometric figures? <br> What are the relationships between different angles in a figure? <br> How do I find the circumference and area of a circle? <br> How do you find the surface area and volume of a 3 dimensional figure? | M07.C-G.1.1.2 Identify or describe the properties of all types of triangles based on angle and side measures. <br> M07.C-G.1.1.3 Use and apply the triangle inequality theorem. <br> M07.C-G.1.1.4 Describe the two-dimensional figures that result from slicing 3 dimensional figures. <br> M07.C-G.2.1.1 Identify and use properties of supplementary, complementary, and adjacent angles in a multistep problem to write and solve simple equations for an unknown angle in a figure. <br> M07.C-G.2.1.2 Identify and use | Circles <br> Composite Shapes <br> Angles <br> Parallel Lines and <br> Transversals <br> Cross <br> Sections <br> Volume <br> Surface Area <br> Properties of Triangles | How can I find the area of a composite figure? <br> What is a cross section? <br> How can I classify and identify angle relationships? <br> What is the relationship between the angles formed by parallel lines cut by a transversal? <br> Will these three angles or side lengths make a triangle? <br> How can I describe the properties of all types of triangles and apply the triangle inequality theorem? <br> How can I find the missing angle of a triangle? <br> How can I calculate the circumference and area of a circle? <br> How can I find the area of a complex shape? <br> How can I calculate the surface area and volume of a 3-D shape? <br> What shape is formed when I slice a 3-D shape? | Students will know... <br> how to classify angles and angle pairs and also use angle pair properties to write and solve simple equations. <br> how to construct triangles from three measures of angles or sides, noticing when the conditions determine a unique triangle, more than one triangle, or no triangle. <br> identify angles by their characteristics and use correct vocabulary to describe and name them. <br> construct triangles with given side lengths and/or | Adjacent <br> Angles <br> Alternate <br> Exterior Angles <br> Alternate Interior Angles <br> Area <br> Center <br> Circumference <br> Complementar y Angles <br> Composite <br> Figure <br> Corresponding Angles <br> Cross Section <br> Diameter <br> Interior Angle <br> Lateral Surface <br> Area <br> Net <br> Parallel Lines Pi | Determine area and circumference of a circle. <br> Determine area and perimeter of composite shapes. <br> Use angle relationships created by parallel lines and transversals. <br> Determine the cross section of a <br> 3 dimensional figure. <br> Find the volume and surface area of a 3 dimensional figure. <br> Use the triangle angle sum theorem. <br> Use the triangle inequality theorem. |



|  | and right prism Formulas will b provided. |  |  | relationship between surface area and volume. <br> how to describe the twodimensional shapes that result from slicing threedimensional figures. <br> how to find the volume of a prism by decomposing it into equal 1-unit-high layers. <br> how to calculate the volume of non-rectangular prisms. |  |  |
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